

A champion, brave, alert and strong.... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

[No. 46.]

The following is given as a state-

Lines to a Pretty Bar-maid :

having recently lost her husband.

[Concluded on Fourth Page.]

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

Monday Morning, February 29, 1864.

No Vedette To-morrow.

No paper will be issued from this office to-morrow. In consequence of the demands of the public service upon our printers and those engaged in the office, for Muster and Review on the last day of each month, we find that it will be impossible for us to issue a paper on the first and last days of each month. Inasmuch as we omitted to mention this fact earlier, we have strained a point in order to issue to-day's paper, that our subscribers might be informed of the cause of non-issue to-morrow.

On the last day of each month everybody connected with the office must attend the regular muster for inspection and review or neglect the performance of a necessary military duty. This will prevent the issue of the Vedette on the last and first day of every month. Our subscribers, will therefore, please take notice of this, as we find it impossible to prepare for inspection as a soldier should prepare, and do the work necessary to issue a daily paper. Our next paper will be duly forthcoming on Wednesday morning next, and we hope thereafter to issue the Vedette regularly every day except Sunday, and the two other exceptions mentioned above.

CAMP DOUGLAS GYMNASIUM CLUB.—This Club gave one of the grandest entertainments at the Theater, last Saturday night, that has ever been witnessed by a Camp Douglas audience. The programme consisted of feats of strength and skill on the horizontal and parallel bars, trapez, cord volante, together with tumbling, etc., which were done in such admirable style as to elicit the approbation of a numerous and appreciative audience. This Club has but recently been organized, and when taken into consideration the short time they have had to prepare themselves for this performance, it is indeed surprising that they could arrive at such a degree of perfection in this business. This institution should be encouraged, as it is both a source of health and amusement, and conducive to the development of the physical man. The Club intend giving another performance as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made, when we hope to see a full house, as the performance is well worth the price of admission.

The inimitable negro delineator, R. R. Taylor, who has made himself the favorite of Camp Douglas theater-goers, will take a benefit at the Douglas Theater, on next Thursday night. We anticipate a fine performance and a full house.

Rates of Foreign Postage on Printed Matter Sent from Post-Offices within the United States.

Mr. T. B. Stenhouse, Postmaster, G. S. L. City, has kindly furnished us the following regarding foreign rates of postage on printed matter, the publication of which will save us the trouble of answering the numerous questions which heretofore have been put to us almost daily, and which we were unable to answer from the fact that the necessary information was not at hand:

To Great Britain and Ireland, newspapers 2 cents each, without regard to weight, which is the United States postage only; prepayment required.

To France, Algeria, or in French mail, or via England to cities of Turkey, Syria and Egypt, newspapers 2 cents each; prepayment required.

To the German-Austrian Postal Union, in Prussian closed mail, newspapers 6 cents each; prepayment required.

To Germany via Bremen and Hamburg, newspapers 3 cents each; prepayment required.

To Belgium, in the United States and Belgium closed mail, newspapers not exceeding 3 ozs. 5 cents each; prepayment required.

To Switzerland, by Prussian closed mail, 6 cents.

To Switzerland, by Bremen mail, 4 cents.

To Switzerland, by French mail, 2 cents each; to be prepaid.

Newspapers published in the United States and sent to regular subscribers in the British North American Provinces, are chargeable with the regular prepaid quarterly rates of United States postage; which postage must be collected at the office of mailing.

Such matter, if transient, is chargeable with the regular domestic transient printed matter rates (2 cents on each paper) to be collected at the office of mailing.

Arrival of the Express—News from Bannack.

The Boise Express arrived at Box Elder on Saturday, after a long trip, bringing dates from Western Bannack to the 23d ult. We are indebted to the Agent, Mr. T. D. Brown, for an advance copy of the Boise News of the date mentioned. The Express messenger reports considerable difficulty with the Indians along the route. Before reaching Salmon Falls on the Snake River, the stock was stolen three times, but by extraordinary exertions of the expressman it was all recovered. While at the Falls all the express animals, and those belonging to the Ferry, were stolen from the corral by the Indians. Only part of these were recovered, but the rider pressed through as best he could.

We also learn that Mr. Barnard, who lives on the Malad, near Deep Creek, in the northern part of this Territory, sent out last Sunday twelve head of horses and mules to bring in some wagons laden with goods, which had been snow-bound. These also were stolen by the red skins. We have heard of no violence being offered by the Indians on the route. They seem to have contented themselves with indulging in their natural propensity of stealing stock. Emigrants traveling north will, therefore, have to keep an eye on their animals, lest the vagabond tribes steal them away. No danger is apprehended from the Indians, as they evince no disposition to attack white travelers, but they will steal when they get a chance. Ample protection will be afforded should any emergency require it, but such raids as those mentioned above are at all times to be expected in an Indian country, no matter how peaceful the savages may be, or how strong the treaties made with them. A little care on the part of travelers will obviate all trouble. The winter has been a severe one, and the Indians have had a hard time to get through it.

In the Boise News we find few items of special interest to our citizens. A bloody murder was committed on the 19th January, at a ball, the innocent victim being Joseph R. Seeley. A fight took place in the ball room between a desperado named Jack Holbrook, and a man named T. Northcutt. They commenced shooting in the door of the crowded room, where Seeley received his death wound and Wm. B. Paston a ball in the leg, the latter inflicting a severe though not dangerous wound. Holbrook is in custody, awaiting his trial for murder. The people are much incensed at this outrage and loud talk is heard about organizing a Vigilance Committee to rid the country of the vagabond desperadoes who use the pistol or knife on the slightest provocation, regardless of the lives of innocent passersby or onlookers. The Boise News reprobates the idea of a Committee, and takes a proper view of the question. So long as the courts do their duty, there is no excuse for such institutions as Vigilance Committees. The News says:

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.—There has been some talk, not altogether idle or unmeaning, within the past few days with regard to the formation of a Vigilance Committee, but upon sober second thought we have no doubt the idea will be abandoned. It would certainly be premature at this time. The Court having jurisdiction in criminal cases will begin a session within two weeks, and as no prisoner has ever escaped from the officers of this county, it is fair to presume that none will be permitted to do so between this and the sitting of Court. As the law has been faithfully executed up to this time, let us hope that it will continue to be so, and not soil our hands even with the blood of criminals. When Court meets two weeks from Monday, they will be tried by a jury of impartial men summoned from the body of the county.

THE WEATHER.—Those who left Boise to winter below on account of the severity of the climate, will be astonished in looking over our table to see the range of the thermometer from the 15th to the 21st of January, never going below 15 above zero in Bannack, and running up as high as 34 degrees at 9 p. m. We have had but one cold week during the winter thus far—the mercury going down during that time as low as 19 degrees below zero, and even then there were no damp winds to chill the blood, and there was little complaint of cold. We have had no wind or rain storms, and the occasional zephyrs that reach us in these mountain fastnesses, are gentle as Italian breezes. For the past two days a very warm rain has been falling slowly, and the

snow is fast melting away—the thermometer ranging from about 30 to 50 degrees at noon. Those who have remained in Boise, would regard it as a very great hardship to be compelled to endure the sand blasts of Dalles or Umatilla, or even the sage and sand locked haven of Walla Walla. Winter is now far enough advanced to enable us to say with confidence that, barring the inconvenience of having to wade through pretty deep snow, no pleasanter climate to live in during the winter can be found on the Continent of America, than Boise Basin. The absence of storms and steady winds, gives it a percentage over all open countries where these things prevail.—Boise News.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO DAILY VEDETTE.]

Congressional.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25th.

The Senate yesterday passed the Lieutenant-General bill after striking out the provision recommending the President's appointment of Gen. Grant.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25th.

A Committee of Conference was appointed by the House to-day on the Lieutenant-General bill. The Senate appointed a second Committee of Conference on the revenue bill.

WASHINGTON, 25th.

The Ways and Means Committee to-day, reported a bill authorizing the issue of bonds to the amount of two hundred millions, redeemable after five years, payable in forty, this issue is in lieu of that amount authorized as ten-forty bonds by act of the 2d of March, 1863.

The Conference Committee on the Whisky Bill are unable to agree. Probably the bill will fail in this event.

The Ways and Means Committee have a new bill ready, embracing petroleum, whisky, tobacco, cotton, and offering to Congress an opportunity of taxing stocks on hand of all these articles.

Foreign News.

PORTLAND, Feb. 25th.

By the Hibernian from Liverpool the 11th and Londonderry the 12th: Consols, 91. Nothing important from Schleswig.

The Post says, that England has proposed an armistice preliminary to a Conference, and is supported by Russia, France and Sweden.

In Parliament, Derby attacked the government policy in regard to the Alabama, and Laird's rams, and insinuated that the latter were seized under American menaces. He moved for the production of papers relative thereto.

Russel defended the government and declined to produce papers pending legal inquiries.

SCHLESWIG, Feb. 11th.

It is stated that the Danes have evacuated Duppel, and embarked their stores to Alsen Island.

LONDON, Feb. 12th.

The Post says: The basis of England's proposition for an armistice, is the evacuation by the Danes of Schleswig, except Alsen Island.

Interesting News.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25th.

Six more of Farragut's fleet is ready for sea. His fleet will comprise nearly 40 vessels.

Rumor says that the Vanderbilt is ordered to China.

Special's say, of 30,000 Veterans whose time expires within the next nine months, 25,000 have re-enlisted.

They also deny the report from England, that Adams withheld any of Seward's dispatches from Russel on account of their offensiveness.

It has been officially announced that Gen. Sigel has been appointed Commander of the Department of Western Virginia.

Capture of Selma.

CHICAGO, 25th.

A Vicksburg letter mentions the arrival of a courier with news of the

capture of Selma, Alabama, by Sherman. It is possible, but do not vouch for it.

KNOXVILLE, 24th.

A reconnoissance in force under Gen. Stoneman was made on Monday night towards Seiverville, and discovered the rebel cavalry had retreated beyond French Broad river.

Longstreet began to retreat on the 20th from Strawberry Plains towards Bull's Gap, first destroying the bridge and report says, his camp equipage. Schofield moved to the Plains with the Union forces to-day. Rumors of a raid in Longstreet's rear are current which is supposed to account for his precipitate retreat.

TUNNEL HILL, Ga., 24th.

Our troops having advanced to Tunnel Hill Tuesday, fell back in evening four miles, Joe Johnston's command having abandoned position at 10 o'clock, yesterday morning our advance again resumed its march, and a portion of Bairds, Davis and Johns, are moving forward on the main road from Ringgold, while Cruft's command of Stanley's division marched by the Colosa Springs road further to the left. No skirmishing of any consequence took place. At half past 11 when our forces had reached the immediate vicinity of the town of Tunnel Hill, and as soon as infantry in sufficient numbers to support the cavalry had arrived, a column of the latter advanced along the road in plain view of Tunnel Hill on which rebel cannon were planted the day before, a rebel battery to the right of Tunnel Hill immediately opened throwing a number of shells with great accuracy in our ranks, part of our artillery coming up, opened on the enemy with some effect, lessened somewhat by the apparent imperfection of the shells, very few of which exploded. Two pieces of the 19th Indiana battery were afterwards placed in position to the left of the road and materially assisted in dislodging the rebel battery, the infantry now advanced taking the rebels on the right flank and boldly marched along the crest of Tunnel Hill completely turning the enemy's works, their left being also threatened by a portion of our forces they fled, and our whole line moving forward occupied without further contest the ridge of Tunnel Hill. The rebel works along the crest were of tolerably formidable character. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the rebels were retreating along the Dalton road, our troops pursued within three miles of Dalton where the rebels were found very strongly posted in a gorge through a high precipitous range of mountains called Rocky Fall, our advance was met by a sharp musketry fire which was vigorously replied to and first rebel line driven back on second, the enemy immediately opened a furious fire of shot and shell from six pieces, compelling our skirmishers to retire, the fire was kept up until sundown. McCook's and Morgan's brigades taking up position at the mouth of the gorge, and may have heavy fighting to-morrow unless they can turn the enemys position, which seems scarcely practicable.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.

Washington specials say Lee's Orderly deserted and arrived in Washington. He says the strength of Lee's army is now twenty-five thousand. He expects our army to be ready for operations by the middle of March, at which time he has ordered all his men to be back. Stuart's cavalry has used up his horses, and they have been sent south for forage. Lee expects by the last of March or first of April, to have sixty thousand men to check any advance of our army, or drive it back on Washington and invade Pennsylvania.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26th.

By the Illinois from Aspinwall the 17th: Left in port, the Champion waiting for California mails and passengers. The report that the French Minister had broken off friendly relations with Ecuador, is not correct. Troubles continue in the interior and there is fear of a revolution. The French flagship, Pallas, left Panama for Acapulco, to enforce the blockade. The U. S. frigate Lancaster, at Acapulco, was watching the movements of the French.

THEATER!!

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY!!

Manager, H. B. CLAWSON
Stage Manager, JOHN T. CAINE

PERFORMANCES EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

The talented, versatile artists,
MR. and MRS. S. M. IRWIN
Appear Every Evening.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 2d, 1864.

Great New Sensation Play,
JESSIE BROWN,
OR THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW

JOHN BROWN (the Scotch heroine), . . . Mrs. S. M. IRWIN
RANDAL MCGARR (of 78th Highlanders) Mr. S. M. IRWIN
Other Characters by MRS. M. KENNEDY, CAINE, SIMMONS, LINDSEY, DUNBAR, MAIRY, and MRS. JAMES GIBSON, and PRATT and MISS ALEXANDER.

The performance will commence with the roaring Farce, never before acted here,
The Spectre Bridegroom,

—OR—
A GHOST IN SPIRIT OF HIMSELF.

Characters by MRS. M. KENNEDY, MRS. S. M. IRWIN, B. WILSON, MAIRY, MRS. M. G. CLAWSON, and MRS. ALEXANDER.

For full particulars, see bills of day.

Doors open at quarter past six; Curtain rises at seven o'clock. Box Office open every day for sale of tickets.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held in this City, January 25th, 1864, an assessment was levied of two dollars and fifty cents per share. Payable on or before February 15th, 1864.
By order of the Board,
G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y
Great Salt Lake City, Jan. 25, 1864. feb 3 1m

HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, AND SHAMPOOING.

E. J. CASANO HAS THE PLEASURE OF INFORMING the public that he has fitted up and opened a neat and

COMMODIOUS SALOON
South of the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas, where he will attend to the wants of all who may favor him with their patronage. jan 20 11f

DENTISTRY.

DR. WM. H. GROVES, late of San Francisco, Cal., Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist. Office, next door to the National Hotel, G. S. L. City. nov 27 11f

WILLIAM MAUGER

HAS the pleasure of announcing to the public that he has prepared to perform all work entrusted to him, with neatness and dispatch. Watches repaired and warranted to keep good time. All jewelry repaired by him by guarantee to give satisfaction.
Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Watch Guards, Ladies' Watches, Breastpins, Finger Rings, Brooches, Gold Studs, Silver Buttons, etc., in fact every thing to be found at a Jeweler's Store, for sale at his shop at Camp Douglas, U. T. jan 19 11f

NOTICE.

OFFICE, JORDAN SILVER MINING CO.,
Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.
THE Stockholders of the Jordan Silver Mining Co. are hereby notified that an assessment of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per share, is levied by the Board of Trustees, on the 15th inst., payable on or before the 1st day of April, 1864.
By order of the Board,
G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

OFFICE, JORDAN SILVER MINING CO.,
Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.
ALL persons purchasing Certificates of Stock in the Jordan Silver Mining Company, are notified that they must present their Certificates so purchased to the Secretary, in order that they may be cancelled, and new certificates issued instead.
By order of the Board of Trustees,
G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between G. W. Carleton and William Mauger, in the Weber Cattle Mine, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against said Company will be settled by George W. Carleton, he having bought out the entire interest in said Company.
G. W. CARLETON,
WM. MAUGER.

COAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned is now prepared to deliver at his mine on East Weber, a first rate quality of Stone Coal at the rate of Five (5) dollars per ton. I guarantee this Coal of a quality superior to any in the Territory. A large portion of my Coal is identical with the famous Cannel Coal. Orders may be left either at the mine or at the Telegraph Office, G. S. L. City.
GEO. W. CARLETON.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

CITIZENS OF UTAH,

Bring in Your Produce!!

A. GILBERT,

(Next door to the Salt Lake House,) calls special attention to his large and well selected

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Consisting of
COTTON, WOOLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS,
CALICOES, SILKS, DRILLINGS, FLANNELS,
and other

STAPLES.

Selected Expressly for this Market

Also offers on reasonable terms,

GROCERIES, COFFEE, CANDLES, SUGARS,
SOAP, etc., etc.,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY,
etc., etc., etc.,
On Terms to Suit.

EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES.

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

nov 27 11f A. GILBERT

RANSOHOFF & BRO.,

MAIN STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY.

Now offer to the Public one of the Best Assorted and Largest Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Fancy and Staple Articles,

Ever Brought to this Territory.

Selected With Especial View to this Market!

AT RATES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

MERCHANDISE,

Including

Fancy Articles, Dress Goods, Trimmings,

Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.

In Fact Everything Desirable, Necessary and Useful from Needles up to Cooking Stoves; from Finest Laces and Silks to Calicoes, Collars and

WOOLEN GOODS.

Give us a Call, and see our Prices.

nov 27 11f RANSOHOFF & BRO.

MAIL LETTINGS.

ADDITIONAL proposals are invited for carrying the United States Mail, on Route No. 14 021, between Salt Lake City, Utah, and Virginia City, Idaho, supplying all intermediate Post-Offices. Service three times a week, there and back, during eight months in the year, on a schedule of five days; and once a week four months in the year, on a schedule of seven days. Bids by telegraph will be received up to March 31, 1864.
By order of Postmaster-General,
T. B. H. STENHOUSE,
Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 25, 1864. Postmaster.

FOUND.

ON Sunday last, a parcel of Harness, which the owner can have by proving property, and applying to
THOS. H. WRIGHT, 11th Ward.

FAUST'S

LIVERY, SALE, AND FEED STABLES,
(SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET.)

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND SADDLE HORSES LET on moderate terms.

Horse and Cattle Market.
Auction Sales every Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Particular attention given to selling Horses, Mules and Stock of all kinds. Purchasers and sellers will each consult their interest by calling on me.

CORRAL ACCOMMODATIONS
on a liberal scale, at my premises. Farmers will find here convenient stabling, at reasonable rates.

RANCH.

Horses or Mules Ranched by the month or year.
feb 26 11f H. J. FAUST.

S. M. BLAIR,

ATTORNEY GENERAL for the Territory of Utah, will attend to all business in the U. S. District Court, also, in the Territorial District Court, to be held in G. S. L. City at the March Term, 1864, that may be intrusted to his care, in a manner satisfactory. Except business where the Territory is a party.
Feb 11 11f

PAXTON & THORNBURG, Virginia, } { E. WHEATON, Austin.

PAXTON, THORNBURG & CO., BANKERS.

AUSTIN, - - - - - N. T.
Draw on
Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and San Francisco.

Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants and other securities.
Purchase Bullion, and advance on the same for Coinage at the Mint.
Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact a general Banking business.
feb 24 11f

H. W. TRAIL, Virginia, } { PAXTON, THORNBURG & Co., Austin.

ASSAY OFFICE

OF
THEALL & CO.,
AUSTIN, Nevada Territory.

Gold and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description, melted and Assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin. We guarantee the correctness of our Assays. All business entrusted to our care will be promptly and accurately attended to.
feb 24 11f THEALL & CO.

CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS RESTAURANT.

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Douglas. Meals at all hours between Reville and Tattoo.
feb 8 11m JULLIAN AYER, Prop'r.

POTATOES FOR SALE!

BUTTER, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, HAMS, CHEESE and a general assortment of Produce constantly on hand and for sale at
GREER'S Variety Store,
East Side of Main Street,
Great Salt Lake City.
feb 2 11m

SALT! SALT!!

A No. one article of fine boiled
TABLE SALT,
Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good style and at the shortest notice. Also, a superior quality without sacks furnished in any quantity, on application to
feb 13 11m M. J. SNEDAKER,
9th ward, G. S. L. City.

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House

THE citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the traveling public are respectfully informed that the Bannack Restaurant and Eating House, situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House, is now open, and the proprietor is prepared to furnish Board and Lodging on reasonable terms.
JOS. D. BAYLESS.
jan 8 11f

CAMP DOUGLAS

Shaving, Shampooing, and Hair-Cutting
SALOON.

JOHN TAUFER has the pleasure of announcing to the residents of Camp Douglas and vicinity, that he has again opened his Shaving, Shampooing and Hair-Cutting Saloon, and is now prepared to attend to the wants of all those who will favor him with a call.
dec 15 11m

WANTED.

HAY and Wood, at Camp Douglas, by
jan 5 11m WATKINS BROS.

DAQUERREAN GALLERY.

C. D. BECKWITH, HAS THE PLEASURE OF announcing to the public, that he is now prepared to take
PICTURES OF ALL KINDS
In the daquerrean art, at prices to suit.
Gallery opposite the Commissary Store, at Camp Douglas, U. T.
Jan 20 11f

EXCHANGE, BROKERS AND BANKING OFFICE:

JOHN W. KERR,

DEALER IN
COIN, GOLD DUST and EXCHANGE.

Office, Salt Lake House Main Street, G. S. L. City.
feb 20 11f

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

I have just received and have to

ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS,

A large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which I wish to dispose of as soon as possible.

Call and examine, and note the prices; no trouble to show goods.

WM. JENNINGS,

Staines & Needham's old Store, Main St.

The highest prices paid for Gold Coin and Gold Dust.

February 24th, 1864-11f W. JENNINGS.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

JUST COMPLETED

and in

FINE RUNNING ORDER,

My new

GRIST MILL,

NEPHI CITY, JUAB COUNTY, U. T.

I Respectfully solicit the patronage of

THE PUBLIC,

And will endeavor to accommodate

CITIZENS and MERCHANTS.

February 8th, 1864. feb 8 11m

JOHN HAGUE.

BODENBURG & KAHN.

NEW MERCHANDISE.

Just received from the

EASTERN MARKET,

Consisting in part of the best

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

PRINTS,

BROWN SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,

DENIMS, SATINETTS, JEANS,

CHECKS, FLANNELS, HICK-ORY TWEEDS,

And a full assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Fall and Winter

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Crockery,

And a large and General Stock of

Groceries, Dye Stuffs, Cigars, Tobacco, etc.

Call and Examine our New Stock, at the old stand of

HOWEN, KEDRIDGE & Co., East Temple street.

nov 11 11f BODENBURG & KAHN

Dr. C. T. REA,

(Of Denver, Col. Terr'y.)

SURGEON and MECHANICAL DENTIST

Will remain at Camp Douglas, U. T., for about two weeks, and will attend to the wants of all who may favor him with their patronage.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. feb 20 2w

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main St. opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. feb 7 11f

MANURE FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred loads of Manure for sale, at

twenty-five cents per load, at Camp Douglas, U. T.

Apply to the Post Treasurer. jan 27 11f

Cato, the words "Plato, thou reason-est well," are rendered in Latin, and you are right, Myrheer Plato."

"The old nurse of her mistress's twin children; "one looks so much like both, you can't tell 't'other from 'which!'"

The contradictions of pronunciation in the termination "ough" are amusingly displayed in the following lines:

"Wife, make me some dumplings of dough,
They're better than meat for my cough;
Pray let them be boiled till hot through,
But not till they're heavy or tough.
Now I must be off to the plough.
And the boys, when they've had enough,
Must keep the fires off with a bough,
While the old mare drinks at the trough."

A report of a prize fight must be a very interesting thing for a foreigner to translate. A very simple report of a fight, in which some "game" individual mounted the ladder of fame from the area of the prize ring by a certain number of "rounds," tells that the combatants struck each other with the mawleys and bunches of fives upon the head, the nut, the cone, the conk, the canister, the noddle, the mng, the knowledge box; the nose, the sneezer, the snorer, the snuffer, the snuff tray, the nozzle, the mazzard; the eyes, the ogles, the optics, the peepers; the mouth, the kisser, the whistler, the orator-trap; drawing the blood, the claret, the ruby, the crimson, the home-brewed, the gravy; and in several instances knocked the unfortunate knocker off his pins, his pegs, his stumps and his foundation, to say nothing of boring, fibbing and sending him to grass. Who wants the belt?

So it must be interesting to a foreigner who relies on his dictionary, to hear the talk of "dead beats," "small potatoes—few in a hill," "billy boys," "big things" and things that one "can't see." The initials O. K., which mean "Oll Korrekt," are at least twenty years old.

INGENIOUS USE OF LANGUAGES.

Let us notice some of the ingenious things that can be done with the language. The repetition of the same class of rhymes is quite common, but the following epistle may be readable:

MADAM:

Most worthy of estimation, after long consideration,
And much meditation of the great reputation
You possess my admiration, and if such ob-
servation
Is worthy of observation, and can obtain
consideration,
It will be aggrandizement beyond all calcu-
lation,
To the joy and exultation
Of yours, SANS DISSIMULATION.

SIR:

I have perused your oration with much delib-
eration,
And little consternation, at the great infatu-
ation
Of your weak imagination to show such ven-
eration,
On so slight a foundation; but after examina-
tion
And serious contemplation, I suppose your
animation
Was the fruit of recreation, or had sprung
from ostentation
To display your education by odd enumera-
tion,
Or rather multiplication of words of the same
termination,
Though of great variation in each respective
signification.
Not without disputation, your laborious ap-
plication
To so tedious an occupation deserve com-
mendation,
And thinking imitation a sufficient gratifica-
tion,
I am, without hesitation,
Yours, MARY MODERATION.

Palindromes, or lines that read the same backward and forward, are fre-
quent in Latin or Greek, but it is quite
difficult to construct them in English.
The lawyer's motto, "Si nummi im-
munis," is a good specimen of a Latin
one. The best in English is Adam's
first observation to Eve, "Madam I'm
Adam." The one by Taylor, the water
poet, "Lewd I did live and evil did I
dwell," lacks completeness in two
points.

Here is a sentence of thirty-two words, which some ingenious child has constructed with just the letters found in the word maiden: "Ida, a maiden, a mean man named Ned Dean, and Media, a mad dame, made me mend a die and a dime, and mind a mine in a dim den in Maine."

The following queer sentence origi-
nated, like many other odd things, in
one of our monthly magazines:

"Sator arepo tenet opera rotas."

1. This spells backward and forward
all the same.

2. Then, taking all the first letters
of each word, spells the first word.

3. Then, taking all the second letters
of each word, spells the second word.

4. Then all the third, and so on
through the fourth and fifth.

5. Then, commencing with the last
letter of each word, spells the last.

6. Then the next to the last of each
word, and so on through.

Here is the way a grammarian con-
jugated the increasing heat:

"Hot, hotter, hottest, hottentot, hot-
tentoter, hottentotest, hottentotissimo,
hottentotissimus, hot as an oven, hot
as two evens, hot as four evens, hot as
seven evens hot!"

A gentleman who could not pro-
nounce the letter R was asked to read
the following:

"Robert gave Richard a rap in the ribs
For roasting the rabbit so rare."

He evaded the difficulty in follow-
ing ingenious manner:

"Bobby gave Dickey a thump in the side,
For cooking the bunny so little."

We will close by relating a marvel
in the way of logic done by Granger.
He was a remarkably ugly man, but
contended that he was the handsom-
est thing in the world. He proved it
thus: "The handsomest part of the
world," said he, "is Europe; of Europe,
France; of France, Paris; of Paris,
the University; of the University, the
College of —; in the College of —
the handsomest room is mine; in my
room I am the handsomest thing; ergo,
I am the handsomest thing in the
world."

A PRIVATE HOTEL AT THE SOUTH—
We observe the following going the
rounds of the rebel press:

Mike has made several important
discoveries in his raid through the
Southwest. He says he has just found
out what "private hotel" is. He has
found several of them in his travels,
and they are certainly very peculiar
institutions. He says their bells and
gongs make as much clatter as if there
was really something on the table to
call the public to, but when one gets
there he sees nothing but empty plates.
Presently the waiters will be seen dis-
pensing different kinds of provender—
pretty generally to the military gen-
tlemen with the stars and bars on
their collars, and when you ask them
to give you "some o' that what that
feller's got," the waiter will look at
you as a faro-dealer does when he
"rakes down your pile," looks as if
he had "chawed" you, and innocent-
ly says:

"That's private, sir?"

Then you look around to see what
else might suit your taste, and you
see another chap with eggs. You think,
"Well, eggs are common enough, dear
knows."

"Well, give me some eggs, then."

"Dem's private, too, sir. De gem-
man fotch 'em and we cook 'em for
him."

"Give me some potatoes then; I
suppose they're not private," I said,
loud enough to attract all the eyes
around the table.

"Yes, massa, dem's private, too;
but I can give you some corn bread,
an' here's some salt, an' here's some
corn bread."

"Give me some of that butter, you

black rascal," I said, aggravated, as
indeed it should make anybody feel
who was paying eight dollars a day
for board.

"Well, massa, 'clare, massa, dat's
private, too! Here's some salt!"

Spying another nigger, I motioned
him to me, thinking I would slip a
bribe into his fingers, and possibly get
some of the private dishes. He came
reluctantly, and, as I extended my
hand with a promise in it, he stopped,
and said in a low tone:

"I see a private secret, massa."

This capped the climax, and I de-
termined to finish my meal of corn dod-
ger and salt and take the next train
for a change.

The pay of sailors in the employ
of the Government on this coast has
been raised 25 per cent.

EXTRACTS FROM THE

Revised Regulations for the Army,
That should be known by every Soldier.

The following extracts from the Re-
vised Army Regulations are published
for the information and guidance of all
concerned:

1. All inferiors are required to obey strictly
and to execute with alacrity and good faith,
the lawful orders of the superiors appointed
over them.

17. An officer who succeeds to any com-
mand or duty stands in regard to his duties
in the same situation as his predecessor. The
officer relieved shall turn over to his successor
all orders in force at the time, and all the
public property and funds pertaining to his
command or duty, and shall receive therefor
duplicate receipts, showing the condition of
each article.

18. An officer in a temporary command shall
not, except in urgent cases, alter or annul the
standing orders of the regular or permanent
commander without authority from the next
higher commander.

78. It is enjoined upon all officers to be
cautious in reproving non-commissioned
officers in the presence or hearing of privates,
lest their authority be weakened; and non-
commissioned officers are not to be sent to the
guard-room and mixed with privates during
confinement, but to be considered as placed in
arrest, except in aggravated cases, where es-
cape may be apprehended.

85. Every article, excepting arms and ac-
countrements, belonging to the regiment, is to
be marked with the number and name of the
regiment.

86. Such articles as belong to companies are
to be marked with the letter of the company,
and number and name of the regiment; and
such as belong to men, with their individual
numbers, and the letter of the company.

91. Each subaltern officer will be charged
with a squad for the supervision of its order
and cleanliness; and captains will require
their lieutenants to assist them in the perfor-
mance of all company duties.

93. The utmost attention will be paid by
commanders of companies to the cleanliness
of their men, as to their persons, clothing,
arms, accoutrements, and equipments, and
also as to their quarters or tents.

100. Where conveniences for bathing are to
be had, the men should bathe once or twice a
week. The feet to be washed at least twice
a week. The hair kept short, and beard neatly
trimmed.

102. Commanders of companies and squad's
will see that the arms and accoutrements in
possession of the men are always kept in good
order, and that proper care be taken in clean-
ing them.

104. Cartridge-boxes and bayonet-scar-
bards will be polished with blacking; varnish
is injurious to the leather, and will not be
used.

105. All arms in the hands of troops,
whether browned or bright, will be kept in
the state in which they are issued by the Or-
dnance Department. Arms will not be taken
to pieces without permission of a commis-
sioned officer. Bright barrels will be kept
clean and free from rust without polishing
them; care should be taken in rubbing not
to bruise or bend the barrel. After firing,
wash out the bore; wipe it dry, and then pass
a bit of cloth, slightly greased, to the bottom.
In these operations, a rod of wood with a
loop in one end is to be used instead of the
rammer. The barrel, when not in use, will
be closed with a stopper. For exercise, each
soldier should keep himself provided with a
piece of sole leather to fit the cup or counter-
sink of the hammer.

(For care of arms in service, see Ordnance
Manual, page 185, etc.)

106. Arms shall not be left loaded in quar-
ters or tents, or when the men are off duty,
except by special orders.

107. Ammunition issued will be inspected

frequently. Each man will be made to pay
for the rounds expended without orders, or
not in the way of duty, or which may be
damaged or lost by his neglect.

108. Ammunition will be frequently ex-
posed to the dry air, or sunned.

109. Special care shall be taken to ascertain
that no ball-cartridges are mixed with the
blank-cartridges issued to the men.

111. The knapsacks will also be inspected
upon the inner side with the letter of the com-
pany and the number of the soldier, on each
part as may be readily observed at inspection.

112. Haversacks will be marked upon the
flap with the number and name of the reg-
iment, the letter of the company, and number
of the soldier in black letters and figures. And
each soldier must, at all times, be provided
with a haversack and canteen, and will exhibit
them at all inspections. It will be borne in
the left side on marches, guard, and when
paraded for detached service, the canteen out-
side the haversack.

114. Officers at their stations, in camp or in
garrison, will always wear their proper uni-
form.

115. Soldiers will wear the prescribed uni-
form in camp or garrison, and will not be per-
mitted to keep in their possession any other
clothing. When on fatigue parties, they will
wear the proper fatigue dress.

116. In camp or barracks, the company of-
ficers must visit the kitchen daily and inspect
the kettles, and at all times carefully attend
to the messing and economy of their respec-
tive companies. The commanding officer of the
regiment will make frequent inspections
of the kitchens and messes. These duties are
of the utmost importance—not to be neglected.

117. The bread must be thoroughly baked,
and not eaten until it is cold. The soup must
be boiled at least five hours, and the vege-
tables always cooked sufficiently to be perfectly
soft and digestible.

118. Messes will be prepared by privates of
squad, including private musicians, each tak-
ing his tour. The greatest care should be
observed in washing and scouring the cook-
ing utensils; those made of brass and copper
should be lined with tin.

118. The messes of prisoners will be sent
to them by the cooks.

120. No persons will be allowed to re-
main in the kitchen, except such as may
come on duty or be occupied as cooks. The
kitchen should always be under the particular
charge of a non-commissioned officer.

122. On marches and in the field, the only
mess furniture of the soldier will be one tin
plate, one tin cup, one knife, fork, and spoon,
to each man, to be carried by himself.

126. Non-commissioned officers will, in no
case, be permitted to act as waiters; nor are
they, or private soldiers, not waiters, to be
employed in any menial office, or made to per-
form any service not military. For the private
benefit of any officer or mess of officers.

220. Deliberations or discussions among
any class of military men, having the object
of conveying praise, or censure, or any mark
of approbation toward their superiors or others
in the military service, and all publications
relative to transactions between officers of a
private or personal nature, whether news-
paper, pamphlet, or handbill, are strictly pro-
hibited.

231. In camp, the commanding officer pre-
scribes the hours of reveille, reports, roll-
calls, guard-mounting, meals, stable calls,
issues, fatigues, etc.

235. Immediately after reveille roll-call
(after stable duty in the cavalry,) the tents or
quarters, and the space around them, will be
put in order by the men of the companies,
superintended by the chiefs of the squads and
the guard-house or guard-tent by the guard or
prisoners.

251. No compliments by guards or sen-
tinals will be paid between retreat and reveille,
except as prescribed for grand rounds.

254. Courtesy among military men is indis-
pensable to discipline. Respect to superiors
will not be confined to obedience on duty,
but will be extended to all occasions. It is
always the duty of the inferior to accost or
to offer the first customary salutation, and of
the superior to return such complimentary
notice.

255. Sergeants, with swords, drawn, will
salute by bringing them to a present; with
muskets, by bringing the left hand across the
body, so as to strike the right shoulder. Cor-
porals out of the ranks, and privates not sen-
taries, will carry their muskets at a shoulder,
as sergeants, and salute in like manner.

409. Neither officers nor soldiers are to
take off their clothing or accoutrements
while they are on guard.

411. When a fire breaks out, or any alarm
is raised in a garrison, all guards are to be
immediately under arms.

413. Sentinels will not take orders, or al-
low themselves to be relieved, except by an
officer or non-commissioned officer of their
guard or party, the officer of the day, or the
commanding officer; in which case the or-
ders will be immediately notified to the com-
mander of the guard by the officer giving
them.

418. In case of disorder, a sentinel must call
out the guard; and if a fire take place, he
must cry "Fire!" adding the number of his
post. If in either case the danger be great, he
must discharge his fire-lock before calling out.